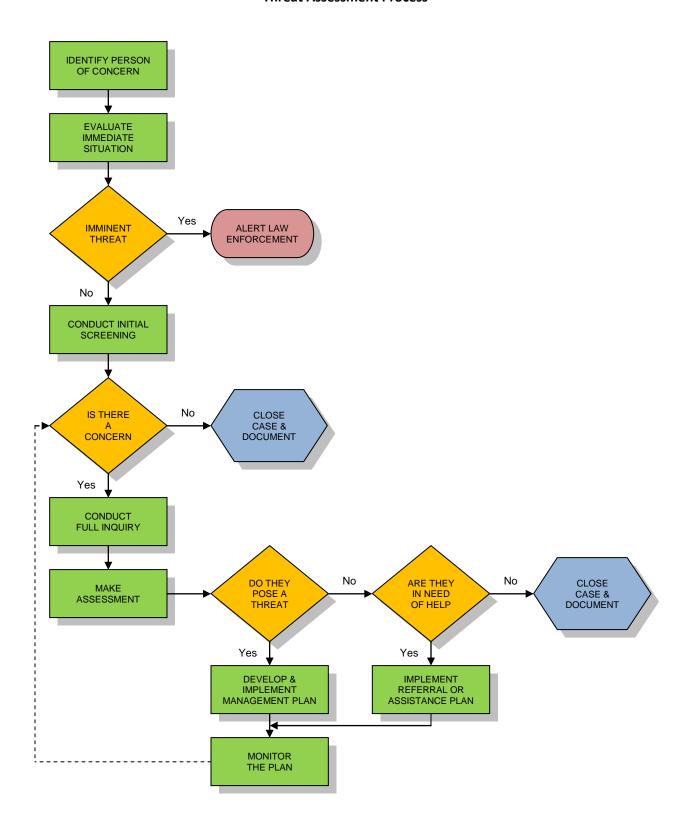
Campus Assessment, Response, and Evaluation (CARE) Team Threat Assessment Process



IDENTIFY PERSON OF CONCERN

- 1. Referral to CIIT through "Report an Incident" online notification system
- 2. Phone call or email to Campus Dean, Security, Counselor, Human Resources, Administrator, Etc.

EVALUATE IMMEDIATE SITUATION

- 1. Is the situation and emergency?
- 2. Is there imminent danger?

If "Yes" to either question, inform local law enforcement immediately

CONDUCT INITIAL SCREENING

- 1. Gather Information from:
 - a. Relevant departments (Student Life, Human Resources, Registrar, Financial Aid, Disability Services, Counseling, etc.)
 - b. Faculty and Classmates
 - c. Local Law Enforcement
 - d. Online search of person's name and the name of anyone they have threatened or scared
 - e. Review of social media profiles (Facebook, Twitter, Instagram, etc.)
- 2. Questions to Ask:
 - a. Has there been mention of suicidal thoughts, plans, or attempts?
 - b. Has there been mention of thoughts of violence or fear of violence?
 - c. Do they have access to a weapon or are they trying to obtain a weapon?

IF "YES" TO ANY OF THESE QUESTIONS THEN CONDUCT A FULL INQUIRY

CONDUCT FULL INQUIRY

- 1. Gather additional information from friends, co-workers, other staff, faculty, family, online friends, web sites, previous schools, employers, etc.
- 2. Conduct Assessment
 - a. Psychological Assessment (With Area Counselor)
 - b. Violence Risk Assessment (With Trained Interviewers)
 - i. Structured Interview for Violence Risk Assessment (SIVRA-35)
 - ii. Extremist Risk Intervention Scale (ERIS)
 - Violence Risk Assessment of Written Word (VRAW2)
- 3. Key Questions:
 - a. What are their motives and goals? What first brought them to someone's attention?
 - i. Does the situation or circumstance that lead to these statements or actions still exist?
 - Does the person have a grievance or grudge? Against whom?
 - iii. What efforts have been made to resolve the problem and what has been the result?
 - b. Have there been any communications suggesting ideas or intent to attack?
 - i. Has the person communicated to someone else or written in an email, journal, or website concerning their intentions?
 - ii. Has anyone been alerted or "warned away?"
 - c. Has the person shown any inappropriate interest in campus attacks, weapons or incidents of mass violence?
 - d. Has the person engaged in attack-related behaviors?

 - i. Developing an attack idea or plan?ii. Making efforts to practice with or acquire a weapon?
 - iii. Surveilling possible sites for attack?
 - iv. Testing access to possible targets
 - v. Rehearsing attacks
 - e. Does the person have the capacity to carry out an act of targeted violence?
 - i. How organized is their thinking and behavior?
 - ii. Do they have the means (access to a weapon) to carry out an attack?
 - f. Is this person experiencing hopelessness, desperation, and/or despair?
 - i. Have they experienced a recent failure, loss or loss of status?

- g. Does the person have a trusting relationship with at least one responsible person?
 - i. Do the have at least one friend, colleague or family member that they trust and rely on?
 - ii. Are they emotionally connected to another person?
- h. Does the person see violence as an acceptable (or only) way to solve a problem?
- i. Are the person's conversation and "story" consistent with their actions?
- j. Are other people concerned about the person's potential for violence?
 - i. Are those who know the person concerned that they may take action based on violent ideas or plans??
 - ii. Are those who know the person concerned about a specific target?
- k. What circumstances might affect the liklihood of an attack?
- I. Where does the subject exist on the NaBITA Threat Assessment Scale?

MAKE ASSESSMENT

- 1. Focus on the facts of the case
- 2. Focus on the person's behavior
- 3. Focus on understanding of context of behavior
- 4. Examine progression of behavior over time
- 5. Corroborate critical information
 - a. Check facts
 - b. Use multiple sources
 - c. Gauge credibility of sources
 - d. Maintain a healthy skepticism
- 6. Focus on prevention not prediction
- 7. Goal: Safety of the Community and the person in question

DEVELOP & IMPLEMENT MANAGEMENT PLAN

- 1. Develop an individualized plan based on information gathered
 - a. Plan must be fact based and individual specific
 - b. Engagement is critical
 - c. Personalities matter
- 2. Relevant factors
 - a. De-escalate, contain or control the subject
 - b. Decrease vulnerabilities of the target
 - c. Modify physical and cultural environment to discourage escalation
 - d. Prepare for an mitigate against precipitating events that may trigger adverse reactions

IMPLEMENT REFERRAL OR ASSISTANCE PLAN

- 1. Outpatient counseling/mental health care
- 2. Emergency psychiatric evaluation
- 3. Mentoring relationship
- 4. Academic accomodations
- 5. Suspension/expulsion
- 6. Involvement in activities
- 7. Social skills training 8. Behavioral contract
- 9. Family involvement
- 10. Law enforcement / fusion center involvement
- 11. Management by "walking around"/ engagement/ alliance
- 12. More...

MONITOR THE PLAN

- 1. Regularly scheduled follow-up meetings
- 2. Obtain permission to speak with counselors/mental health providers
- 3. Look for changes in appearance, mood, etc.
- 4. Re-evaluate plan to ensure safety